

FISCAL NOTE

SB 1552 - HB 1308

March 10, 2005

SUMMARY OF BILL: Requires a driver of a vehicle involved in an accident resulting in death or injury to be tested to determine alcohol or drug content of blood if a law enforcement officer has probable cause to believe that the driver has committed DUI, vehicular assault, vehicular homicide or aggravated vehicular homicide

ESTIMATED FISCAL IMPACT:

Increase State Expenditures - \$52,800/Incarceration*

Increase Local Govt. Expenditures – Not Significant

Increase Local Govt. Revenues – Not Significant

Assumptions:

- Five additional convictions for vehicular assault, a Class D felony.
- Local governments will have an increase in expenditures and revenues from additional persons convicted of DUI. However, such increase in expenditures or revenues is not estimated to be significant.
- Most persons involved in accidents resulting in a death are currently compelled to be tested for alcohol or drug content of blood.

**Section 9-6-119, TCA, requires that: For any law enacted after July 1, 1986, which results in a net increase in periods of imprisonment in state facilities, there shall be appropriated from recurring revenues the estimated operating cost of such law.*

CERTIFICATION:

This is to duly certify that the information contained herein is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.



James W. White, Executive Director

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